

**C94i/155 SECURE METERING MODULE (SMM)  
SECURITY POLICY**

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**TITLE:** C94i/155 SECURE METERING MODULE (SMM) SECURITY POLICY

**ABSTRACT:**

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| 12.09.2001 | A     | First Issue  |
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**CIRCULATION LIST**

ORIGINATOR'S MANAGER

ORIGINATOR

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**C94i/155 SECURITY POLICY****1. INTRODUCTION**

The C94i/155 Secure Metering Module (SMM) is a unit embedded within the Neopost IJ40/IJ50/IJ60 postal franking machine. Integrated within the SMM are a cryptographic subfunction and postal services subfunction.

The postal services relate to the ultimate objective of the SMM which is to store postage credit belonging to a customer until it is needed by the indicium dispensing system of the franking machine. The indicia are dispensed in the form of a digitally signed image. This image is a unique bit pattern that can be determined to have originated from a particular SMM at a particular point in time.

The cryptographic functions are used to restrict access to postal services and to authenticate where necessary postal service output.

**1.1 SCOPE**

This document contains a statement of the security rules under which the SMM must operate. A number of these rules are wholly or partially a consequence of the general franking machine environment in which the SMM is intended to be placed and for this reason a brief description of this environment is included.

**1.2 REFERENCES**

1. Digital Meter Indicia specification / Canada post specification 3457 version 1.2
2. Security Requirements for Cryptographic Modules, Federal Information Processing Standards Publication 140-2
3. Digital Signature Standard (DSS), Federal Information Processing Standards Publication 186-2
4. Secure Hash Standard, Federal Information Processing Standards Publication 180-2
5. Public Key Cryptography For The Financial Services Industry: The Elliptic Curve Digital Signature Algorithm (ECDSA), American national Standard for Financial Services X9.62-1998
6. HMAC keyed-Hashing for Message Authentication Code, RFC 2104

### 1.3 GLOSSARY OF NAMES AND ACRONYMS

|       |  |
|-------|--|
| DSA   | Digital Signature Algorithm (Reference 3)                |
| ECDSA | Elliptic Curve Digital Signature Algorithm (Reference 3) |
| HMAC  | Hash Function Based Message Authentication Code          |
| G     | DSA common parameter G                                   |
| I/O   | Input / Output   |
| MTBF  | Mean time between failures                               |
| NVEM  | Non Volatile Electronic Memory                           |
| P     | DSA common parameter P                                   |
| Q     | DSA common parameter Q                                   |
| RNG   | Random number generator                                  |
| SHA-1 | Secure Hash Algorithm (Reference 4)                      |
| SMM   | Secure Metering Module                                   |
| CSP   | Critical Security Parameter                              |
| USPS  | United States Postal Service (Reference 1)               |
| X     | DSA private key  |
| Y     | DSA public key   |

### 1.4 SMM VERSION IDENTIFICATION

|          |                          |
|----------|--------------------------|
| Hardware | 4126736H B               |
| Firmware | 4130379C G02 (Main)      |
|          | 4126898B A (Coprocessor) |

## 2. SECURITY LEVEL

The SMM is a multi-chip embedded cryptographic module as defined in Reference 2. The SMM shall meet the overall requirements for Level 3 security as defined in Reference 2. The following table shows the security level requirement, as defined in Reference 2, for each area of the SMM:

|  | <b>Level</b>   |
|--|----------------|
| <b>Cryptographic Module</b>                      | 3              |
| <b>Cryptographic Module Ports and Interfaces</b> | 3              |
| <b>Roles, Services and Authentication</b>        | 3              |
| <b>Finite State Machine</b>                      | 3              |
| <b>Physical Security</b>                         | 3 +<br>EFP/EFT |
| <b>Operating System Security</b>                 | N/A            |
| <b>Cryptographic Key Management</b>              | 3              |
| <b>EMI/EMC</b>                                   | 3              |
| <b>Self Tests</b>                                | 3              |
| <b>Design Assurance</b>                          | 3              |
| <b>Mitigation of Other Attacks</b>               | N/A            |

N/A = not applicable

### **3. SMM OVERVIEW**



Figure 1

The SMM consists of a cryptographic subfunction and postal services subfunction sharing common hardware that is contained on a printed circuit board and enclosed within a tamper responsive enclosure. This enclosure constitutes the cryptographic physical boundary. (Refer to Figure 1.)

The SMM contains dual redundant non-volatile electronic memories, which enables both critical security parameters and postal related data items to be stored in duplicate if required. Duplicate storage is typically used to increase MTBF.

The SMM will input and output authenticated data that requires the services of the cryptographic subfunction. The SMM will also input and output certain other data that has no security implications and that is permitted to pass freely across the cryptographic physical boundary. This latter data relates to the general control and use of the franking machine in which the SMM is embedded.

The SMM has only a FIPS mode, it does not support any non-FIPS mode of operation. The SMM is not designed to mitigate specific attacks outside of FIPS 140-2 (Reference 2).

#### **3.1 I/O PORTS**

A number of data channels extend outside the enclosure via specific pins on a single multi pin connector. Each of these pin groups has a predefined use (Appendix 2) and are henceforth regarded as a port. The ports are described in the following with respect to their use inside the SMM up to the point at which they enter/exit the physical enclosure. However, for convenience of reference, they are named according to their typical use externally to the SMM.

### 3.1.1 Weigh Platform Port

This is a serial communication port. Both authenticated and non-authenticated data will be input/output through this port.

This port is so named, as externally to the SMM, it is the only connection that will support a weigh platform. The port will also however support connection to either a PC or stand alone scale via a RS232 link.

### 3.1.2 Printer Port

This is a serial communication port. Both authenticated and non-authenticated data will be input/output through this port.

This port is so named, as externally to the SMM, it is the only connection that will support a printer. The port will also however support connection to either a PC or stand alone scale via a RS232 link.

### 3.1.3 Modem port

This is a serial communication port whose operation and role is the same as that described for the general port.

This port is so named as externally to the SMM, its normal purpose is to interface via a Modem.

### 3.1.4 User Interface (UI) Port

This is a serial communication port whose operation and role is the same as that described for the General port.

This port is so named as externally to the SMM, its normal purpose is to link to a user interface unit that comprises keyboard, display and memory card reader.

### 3.1.5 Print Mechanism Control Port

This is an output only data port whose only function is to output authenticated postal indicium.

### 3.1.6 Print Mechanism Status Port

This is an input only data port. No authenticated data is received via this port. The port inputs only non-security critical indicium dispensing progress data.



### 3.1.7 Power Supply Port

This is an input only port, which provides for the supply of power to the module firmware.

## **4. ROLES, SERVICES AND AUTHENTICATION**

The SMM shall support two distinct operators. The SMM shall enforce separation of entities using identity-based authentication and by restricting the services available to each entity. Also some services are state dependent. The allowable operators are the Neopost Administrator and the Customer.

The Neopost Administrator incorporates both the Crypto officer and User roles referred to in Reference 2.

For identity based authentication the ID must first have been selected and then all input data must be accompanied by a cryptographic signature, which is derived from the input data, and from cryptographic parameters unique to that entity. The cryptographic parameters used must already be present in the SMM.

For the Administrator the cryptographic parameters must be input subsequent to manufacture.

The relationship between SMM services and authenticated entities are summarised in Appendix 1.

### **4.1 NEOPOST ADMINISTRATOR**

The Neopost Administrator shall provide the services required to maintain the parameters within the SMM that are necessary for interaction with the Neopost metering infrastructure (correspond to crypto officer mode referred in Reference 2).

The Neopost Administrator shall also provide those services necessary to control, sustain, and monitor the postal operation of an SMM (i.e. postage funding, usage auditing, withdrawal, etc.). These shall require the identity of the operator to be provided and authenticated (correspond to user mode referred in Reference 2).

The Neopost Administrator services are:

#### **4.1.1 Firmware Download**

This service will carry out the following:

- Input the SH1 firmware digitally signed (i.e. DSA signature).
- Verify the signature is correct.
- Update the SH1 firmware

#### **4.1.2 Zeroise Private Key Service**

This service will carry out the following:

- Input an non-authenticated message containing a request to zero the current private key.
- Verify that the SMM is in the appropriate state for acceptance of a 'Zeroization' service request.
- Zero all CSP's (i.e. including private keys).

#### 4.1.3 Customer Enable Service

This service will:

- Input an authenticated message containing postal critical data items, plus two X509 Certificates containing certified SMM DSA public keys.
- Verify the authentication.
- Verify that the SMM is in the appropriate state for acceptance of a 'Customer Enable' service request.
- Extract and store the postal data items.
- Extract and store X509 SMM DSA public key Certificates.
- Set the SMM state 'Customer Enabled'.

#### 4.1.4 Postal Administration Service

This service will:

- Input an authenticated message containing a postal function command and optionally accompanied by postal critical data items required by the function.
- Verify the authentication.
- Verify that the SMM is in the appropriate state for acceptance of a 'Postal Admin' service request.
- Perform the specified postal function using the optionally provided postal data as required.

#### 4.1.5 Customer Disable Service

This service will:

- Input an authenticated message requesting that the SMM set itself to the 'Customer Disabled' state.
- Verify the authentication.
- Verify that the SMM is in the appropriate state for acceptance of a 'Customer Disable' service request.
- Authenticate and output a message containing specific postal critical data items required by Neopost before an SMM is disabled.
- Set the SMM state 'Customer Disabled' thereby inhibiting further access to the Administrator services and certain postal critical customer role services.

#### 4.1.6 Self Test Service

This service will perform those self tests required by Reference 2. The SMM performs the tests automatically and no authentication is required.

## 4.2 CUSTOMER

These services are available on behalf of the Neopost Administrator. They all require the SMM to be in an appropriate state. The services are:

### 4.2.1 Postal Indicium Service

This service requests printing of a postal indicium.

### 4.2.2 Postal Administration Request Service

This service requests that the Neopost Administrator authenticate to the meter and perform appropriate authenticated operations.

### 4.2.3 General Non-Postal Service

This service requests non postal data status output.

### 4.2.4 Self test Service

This service will perform those self tests required by Reference 2. The SMM performs the tests automatically and no authentication is required.

## **5. SECURITY RULES**

### **5.1 AUTHENTICATION RULES**

5.1.1 The SMM shall provide two distinct operators, the Neopost Administrator and the Customer.

5.1.2 The SMM shall provide identity-based authentication.

5.1.3 Message authenticating signatures shall be 40 byte digital signature codes derived using the DSA algorithm, as described in Reference 3, using 1024 bit common parameters (PQG). Random number generation employed by the DSA shall be according to section 3.2 and 3.3 of Reference 3.

5.1.4 The cryptographic parameters (PQGY) for each identity authenticated shall be independent and shall be stored in predetermined fixed locations within the SMM. These shall be able to be superseded by subsequent input values if required. The parameters for the Administrator must be input after manufacture.

5.1.5 The SMM shall authenticate exported data with 40 byte digital signature codes derived using the DSA algorithm, as described in Reference 3, using 1024 bit common parameters (PQG). Random number generation employed by the DSA shall be according to section 3.2 and 3.3 of Reference 3.

5.1.6 For any attempt to use the authentication mechanism then the probability that a random attempt will be accepted or that a false acceptance will occur will be at least 1 in  $2^{80}$  (equivalent to at least  $12 \times 10^{23}$ ).

The DSA key is 160 bits and is considered to have at least 80 bits of strength. This is considerably more difficult to break than the 1 in 1,000,000 requirement.

5.1.7 The minimum time to generate an authentication shall be 100 ms. For multiple attempts to use the authentication mechanism then the probability that a random attempt will be accepted or that a false acceptance will occur will be 1 in  $2^{80}$  divided by 600 (equivalent to 1 in  $2 \times 10^{21}$ ). This is considerably more difficult to break than the 1 in 100,000 requirement.

5.1.8 Stamp authenticating signature shall be ECDSA 192 curve as describe in Reference 5. The private key used to sign data is stored in a protected area. The message, the signature and a verifiable public key are directly encoded in the 2-dimensional (2D) barcode. The human readable message is protected by

HMAC-SHA-1-30 message authentication code represented by 5 ASCII printable characters as described in Reference 1.

## 5.2 KEY GENERATION

- 5.2.1 The SMM DSA Private key shall be generated according section 3.1 and 3.3 of Reference 3 in the Neopost Factory.
- 5.2.2 The SMM DSA public key corresponding to its private key shall be calculated according to the relationship for derivation of a DSA public key defined in Reference 3.
- 5.2.3 The SMM ECDSA private and public keys shall be generated according Reference 5. The initial key is generated in the Neopost Factory. The key can be generated in the field when an update is requested.
- 5.2.4 During private/public key pair generation all data output from the SMM shall be inhibited.
- 5.2.5 The SMM HMAC secret key shall be generated using a random number generator in the factory.

## 5.3 CONDITIONAL SELF TEST RULES

- 5.3.1 If one of the keys pairs (DSA or ECDSA) is invalid then both the SMM private key and public key shall be erased (to zero) and the SMM shall inhibit all data output. The validity of a key pair shall be determined by a pair wise consistency check, i.e. the calculation and verification of a signature. This check shall be performed at the generation of each new key pair and at power up.
- 5.3.2 For both the private key and signature random number generators, the SMM shall perform the continuous random number generator test, as defined in Reference 2 for conditional self tests, for every number generated, and inhibit all data output if its random number generator fails to a constant value.
- 5.3.3 For the private key random number generator, the SMM shall perform the statistical tests for randomness as defined by Reference 2 upon demand (i.e. when the module is requested to generate a private key). The SMM shall inhibit all data output if the test fails. (These tests are no longer actually required by NIST).
- 5.3.4 If the key pair ECDSA is invalid then both the SMM ECDSA private key and ECDSA public key shall be erased (to zero) and the SMM shall inhibit all data output. The validity of a key pair

shall be determined by a pair wise consistency check, i.e. the calculation and verification of a signature. This check shall be performed at the generation of each new key pair and at power up.

#### 5.4 POWER UP SELF TEST RULES

- 5.4.1 The SMM shall test the operation of RAM areas used for secure operations at power up. The SMM shall inhibit all data output if the test fails.
- 5.4.2 The SMM shall test the contents of its program memory area at power up by calculating the 16 bit checksum (sum of bytes) of the contents and comparing the result with a known answer. The SMM shall inhibit all data output if the test fails.
- 5.4.3 The SMM shall test the accessibility and validity of all CSP values in NVEM at power up. If any are not accessible (i.e. device failure) or contain erroneous data then the SMM shall inhibit all data output.
- 5.4.4 The SMM shall test the DSA algorithm at power up by performing a known answer test for both signing and verification using predetermined data embedded into the SMM firmware. Known answer testing of the secure hash algorithm (SHA-1) and for the authentication random number generator (PRNG) shall be inclusive within the DSA test. The SMM shall inhibit all data output if the test fails.
- 5.4.5 For the signature random number generator, the SMM shall perform the statistical tests for randomness as defined by Reference 2 at power up. The SMM shall inhibit all data output if the test fails. (These tests are no longer required by NIST).  
  
If in an RNG error state the test will be repeated upon demand.
- 5.4.6 An authenticating signature shall be calculated and stored using the SMM's own key private key to sign DSA public keys. If this signature fails to be verified at power up then the public key for each identity shall be erased (to zero) and the SMM shall inhibit all data output.
- 5.4.7 The SMM shall test the ECDSA algorithm at power up by performing a known answer test for both signing and verification using predetermined data embedded into the SMM firmware. Known answer testing of the secure hash algorithm (SHA-1) and for the authentication random number generator (PRNG) shall be inclusive within the DSA test. The SMM shall inhibit all data output if the test fails.



- 5.4.8 The SMM shall test the HMAC algorithm at power up by performing a known answer test using a predetermined data embedded into the firmware.

## 5.5 CSP STORAGE

- 5.5.1 The SMM shall detect data corruption of the value held for any particular CSP by the incorporation of error detection data.
- 5.5.2 Any CSP access failure shall cause the SMM to inhibit all data output. Exit from the inhibit condition shall require the SMM to recheck access to, and the values of, all CSP.

## 5.6 TAMPER RESPONSE

- 5.6.1 All CSPs shall be zeroized should the SMM physical cryptographic boundary be breached. At the same time the SMM shall enter an inhibited state.
- 5.6.2 All CSPs shall be zeroized if the temperature inside the SMM covers exceeds 77 degrees Centigrade. At the same time the SMM shall enter an inhibited state.
- 5.6.3 The private keys shall not be exported under any circumstances.

## 5.7 STATUS INDICATION

- 5.7.1 The following 'module not ready' module states shall be indicated when:

- Private keys (DSA and ECDSA) are zeroized
- Private/Public (DSA and ECDSA) keys pairs are invalid (module not initialised)
- Tamper mechanism tampered
- Neopost Administrator public DSA key authorization signature is invalid.
- HMAC key index is invalid.

Indication will be via a unique text message output by the module suitable for viewing on an alphanumeric display device. The absence of one of these messages indicates that the module is in a 'ready' state.

5.7.2 The following 'module inhibited' error conditions shall be indicated:

- DSA error
- RNG error
- Firmware / RAM error
- High temperature detected error
- ECDSA error
- HMAC error

Indication will be via a unique text message output by the module suitable for viewing on an alphanumeric display device. The absence of one of these messages indicates that the module does not have an error condition.

5.7.3 The module shall indicate the currently active role.

Indication will be via a unique text message output by the module suitable for viewing on an alphanumeric display device.

## 5.8 OPERATORS/CUSTOMERS

5.8.1 Operators/customers shall be instructed to check for any errors, indicated by the status output, or for tamper evidence. Detection of any such errors or tamper evidence shall be required to be reported to Neopost such that the return of the SMM to the factory environment for decommissioning can be arranged.

## 6. DEFINITION OF CRITICAL SECURITY PARAMETERS (CSP)

The following table describes each CSP maintained by the SMM:

| CSP NAME                 | DESCRIPTION  |
|--------------------------|--|
| DSA random number 1 seed | Current status of the seed value used by the random number generator during signature generation. There is only one PRNG implementation with two separate states, i.e. one for DSA signatures (state 1) and one for generation of keys (state 2). This seed represents the state for the generation of signatures. |
| DSA random number 2 seed | Current status of the seed value used by the random number generator during key generation. There is only one PRNG implementation with two separate states, i.e. one for DSA signatures (state 1) and one for generation of keys (state 2). This seed represents the state for the generation of keys.             |
| SMM DSA private key      | The SMM private DSA key is used to authenticate messages and data output from the SMM.   |
| SMM ECDSA private key    | The SMM private ECDSA key is used to authenticate data output from the SMM.  |
| DSA K value              | Current random number derived from the 'DSA random number 1 seed' by PRNG state 1 and used during DSA signature generation.  |
| Previous DSA K value     | Previous random number derived from the 'DSA random number 1 seed' and used during continuous testing of the PRNG state 1 to ensure that consecutive random numbers are not equal.   |
| Previous DSA X value     | Previous random number derived from the 'DSA random number 2 seed' and used during continuous testing of the PRNG state 2 to ensure that consecutive random numbers are not equal.   |
| HMAC Key value           | The SMM HMAC value used to generate the security code as a human readable message in the indicia   |

The following table describes public key parameters of the SMM:

| NAME                                   | DESCRIPTION  |
|--|--|
| Neopost Administration DSA public key  | Public key used for the verification of authenticated messages input from the Neopost Administration server.                   |
| Neopost Administration DSA common P    | Common cryptographic DSA parameter (P) associated with the Neopost Administration services.                                    |
| Neopost Administration DSA common Q    | Common cryptographic DSA parameter (Q) associated with the Neopost Administration services.                                    |
| Neopost Administration DSA common G    | Common cryptographic DSA parameter (G) associated with the Neopost Administration services.                                    |
| Neopost Program Support DSA public key | Public key used for the verification of authenticated messages input from the Neopost Program Support: Factory or country key. |
| SMM DSA public key                     | DSA Public key of the SMM. Available to any operator with a need to verify authenticated data output by the SMM.               |
| SMM ECDSA public key                   | ECDSA Public key of the SMM. Available to any operator with a need to verify authenticated data output by the SMM.             |

## 7. DEFINITION OF CSP MODES OF ACCESS

The section describes how CSP are accessed by the services that can be activated by an operator. The modes of access are defined as follows:

- r The data item will be read for internal use.
- E The data item will be read and exported.
- W The data item will be updated directly from an imported value.
- M The data item will be modified to a value created by an internal process.
- Z The data item will be zeroed.
- S The data item will be initialised to a starting value created by an internal process.
- I The data item will be initialised to a benign value (typically zeroed).

The following table summarises the relationship between all CSP maintained by the SMM and the services that access them:

| Service Name ▸              | Zeroise Private Key | Customer Enable | Postal Administration | Customer Disable | Postal Indicium | Postal Administration Request | General Non-Postal | Self Test |
|-----------------------------|---------------------|-----------------|-----------------------|------------------|-----------------|-------------------------------|--------------------|-----------|
| Public Key Parameter Name ▼ |                     |                 |                       |                  |                 |                               |                    |           |
| DSA random number 1 seed    | z                   |                 |                       |                  | m               | m                             |                    | m         |
| DSA random number 2 seed    | z                   |                 |                       |                  |                 |                               |                    |           |
| SMM DSA private key         | z                   |                 |                       |                  | r               | r                             |                    | r         |
| DSA K value                 | z                   |                 |                       |                  | m               | m                             |                    | m         |
| Previous DSA K value        | z                   |                 |                       |                  | m               | m                             |                    | m         |
| Previous DSA X value        | z                   |                 |                       |                  |                 |                               |                    |           |
| SMM ECDSA private key       | z                   |                 |                       |                  | r               | r                             |                    | r         |
| SMM HMAC key                |                     | r               | r                     |                  | r               | r                             |                    |           |

The following table summarises the service relationships for public key parameters maintained by the SMM:

| Service Name ▾                         | Firmware Download | Zeroise Private Key | Customer Enable | Postal Administration | Customer Disable | Postal Indicium | Postal Administration Request | General Non-Postal | Self Test |
|--|-------------------|---------------------|-----------------|-----------------------|------------------|-----------------|-------------------------------|--------------------|-----------|
| Public Key Parameter Name ▼            |                   |                     |                 |                       |                  |                 |                               |                    |           |
| SMM DSA public key                     |                   |                     |                 |                       |                  |                 |                               |                    | r         |
| Neopost Administration DSA public key  |                   |                     | r               | r                     | r                |                 |                               |                    |           |
| Neopost Administration DSA common P    |                   |                     | r               | r                     | r                | r               | r                             |                    | r         |
| Neopost Administration DSA common Q    |                   |                     | r               | r                     | r                | r               | r                             |                    | r         |
| Neopost Administration DSA common G    |                   |                     | r               | r                     | r                | r               | r                             |                    | r         |
| Neopost Program Support DSA public key | r                 |                     |                 |                       |                  |                 |                               |                    |           |
| SMM ECDSA public key                   |                   |                     |                 |                       |                  |                 |                               |                    | r         |

## APPENDIX 1

The following table summarises the relationship between services and operators for the SMM:

| OPERATOR ▸<br><br>SERVICE ▼ | ADMINISTRATOR | CUSTOMER |
|-----------------------------|---------------|----------|
|                             |               |          |
| Zeroise Private Key         | ✓             |          |
| Firmware Download           | ✓             |          |
| Customer Enable             | ✓             |          |
| Postal Administration       | ✓             |          |
| Customer Disable            | ✓             |          |
| Postal Indicum              |               | ✓        |
| Administration Request      |               | ✓        |
| General Non-Postal          |               | ✓        |
| Self Test                   | ✓             | ✓        |

Service is not accessible to a particular entity unless specifically indicated:-  
 ✓ = can be accessed

## APPENDIX 2

The following table summarises the SMM ports on which services are permitted to be active. These ports are each a specific group of pins on the single multi pin connector provided for data access to the SMM:

| SERVICE ▾              | WEIGH<br>PLATFORM PORT | PRINTER PORT | MODEM PORT | UI PORT | PRINT<br>MECHANISM<br>CONTROL PORT | PRINT<br>MECHANISM<br>STATUS PORT | POWER SUPPLY<br>PORT |
|------------------------|------------------------|--------------|------------|---------|------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|----------------------|
| Zeroise Private Key    | ✓                      | ✓            | ✓          |         |                                    |                                   | ✓                    |
| Firmware Download      |                        |              | ✓          |         |                                    |                                   | ✓                    |
| Customer Enable        | ✓                      | ✓            | ✓          |         |                                    |                                   | ✓                    |
| Postal Administration  | ✓                      | ✓            | ✓          |         |                                    |                                   | ✓                    |
| Customer Disable       | ✓                      | ✓            | ✓          |         |                                    |                                   | ✓                    |
| Postal Indicium        |                        |              |            |         | ✓                                  |                                   | ✓                    |
| Administration Request | ✓                      | ✓            | ✓          |         |                                    |                                   | ✓                    |
| General Non-Postal     |                        |              | ✓          | ✓       |                                    |                                   | ✓                    |
| Self Test              | NA                     | NA           | NA         | NA      | NA                                 | NA                                | ✓                    |

A service is not permitted via a port unless specifically indicated: -  
✓ = permitted

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